On edge domination of graphs

Jayme Luiz Szwarcfiter Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

Denote by G, an undirected simple graph, with vertex set V, and edge set E. An edge $e \in E$ dominates itself and every edge adjacent to e. A set $E' \subseteq E$ is an (edge) dominating set of G, if each edge of E is dominated by some edge of E'. The domination is called *efficient* if each edge is dominated exactly once, and is called *proper* if each edge of $E \setminus E'$ is dominated exactly once. In this talk, we survey and describe complexity results on these three types of edge domination. In special, we consider the a class of graphs, where each edge is contained in some triangle. We mention hardeness and polynonial time cases on subclasses of this class, for edge domination problems.